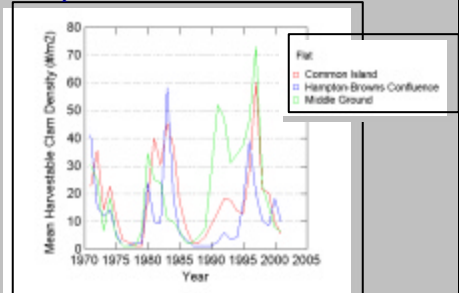


Softshell Clam Monitoring in Hampton Harbor

Paul Geoghegan - Normandeau Associates Inc.
Funded by
- FPL Energy Seabrook Station



Density of Harvestable Clams in Hampton-Seabrook Harbor Flats



NORMANDEAU ASSOCIATES INC.
ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS

Lifestages of Softshell Clam

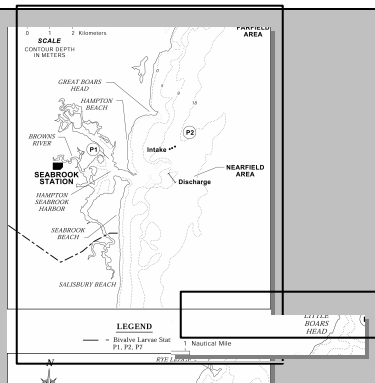
- Larvae
 - Offshore and Entrainment
- Benthic Stages
 - Young of the year (1-25 mm)
 - Yearlings (26-50 mm)
 - Adults (>50 mm)

NORMANDEAU ASSOCIATES INC.
ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS

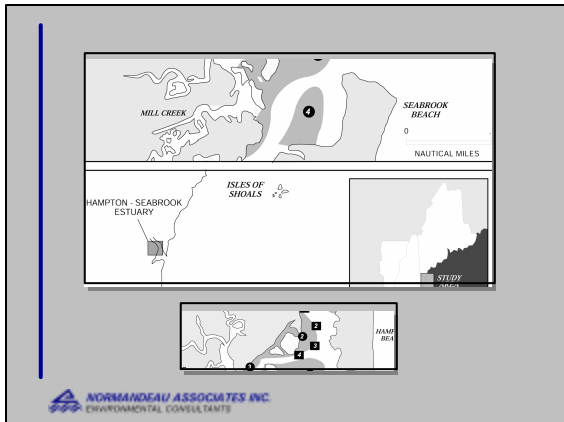
Monitoring Program

- Larvae
 - 3 stations weekly mid-April through October
 - Entrainment weekly mid April through October
- Benthic Stages
 - 4 flats surveyed in late-October or early November
- Monitoring vs. Experimental Approach

NORMANDEAU ASSOCIATES INC.
ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS



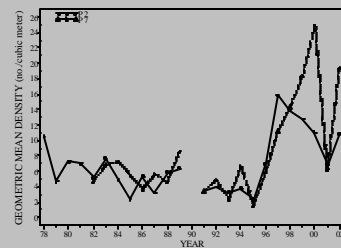
NORMANDEAU ASSOCIATES INC.
ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS



Softshell Clam Larvae

- Original concern was that plant would affect abundance of larvae
- Fewer larvae may mean lower recruitment
- However, no significant difference in larval densities before and after
- No significant differences nearfield and farfield

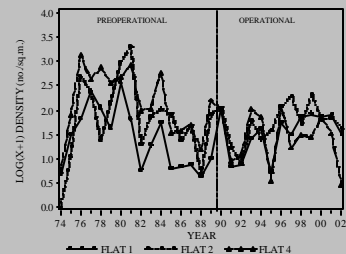
Annual Geometric Mean Density (no./m³) of Larval Clams



Young-of-the-year Density

- Variable, but no significant difference before and after plant startup
- Some evidence of three-year periodicity
- Supply of YOY has been relatively constant

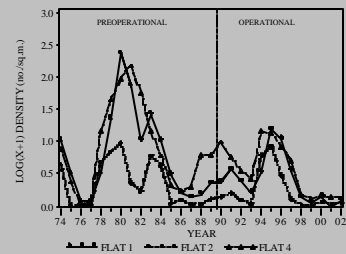
Annual Mean log₁₀(x+1) Density of Young-of-the-year Clams (1-25 mm)



Yearling Density

- No significant difference before and after plant startup
- Three peaks in the time series
- Large decrease since 1996
- Currently at historically low levels
- Recruitment bottleneck for adults

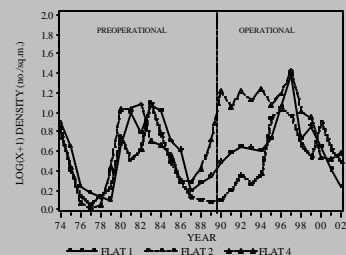
Annual Mean $\log_{10}(x+1)$ Density of Yearling Clams (26-50 mm)



Adult Density

- Significantly more adults since plant startup
- Historical high densities in 1997
- Decreasing density in late 1990s and continuing

Annual Mean $\log_{10}(x+1)$ Density of Adult Clams (>50 mm)



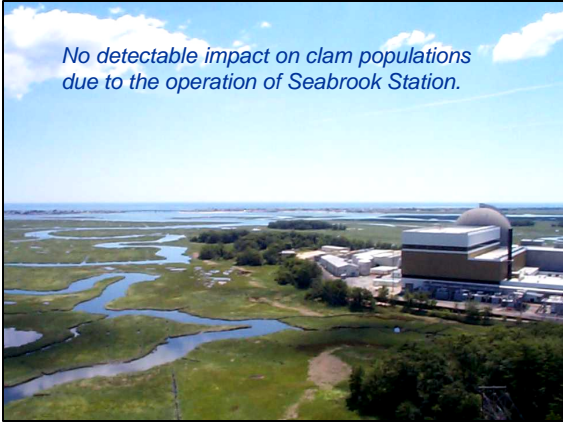
Summary of lifestage data

- Larvae and YOY - no sig diffs, relatively constant supply
- Yearlings - No sig diffs, Decreasing and at historical lows
- Adults – Significantly more after startup, but presently decreasing

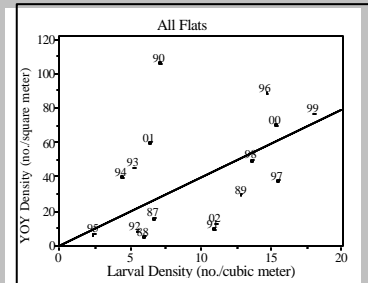
Causes?

- Larval supply
- Green crab predation
- Neoplasia
- Harvesting

No detectable impact on clam populations due to the operation of Seabrook Station.

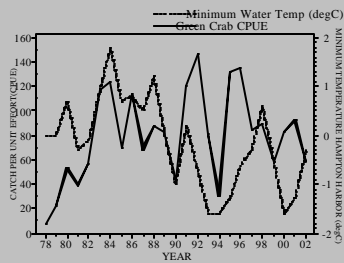


YOY Density versus Larval Density



NORMANDEAU ASSOCIATES INC.
ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS

Mean Fall (October-December) Catch per Unit Effort of Green crabs and Minimum Water Temperature



NORMANDEAU ASSOCIATES INC.
ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS

Experimental Investigation

- Brian Beal from UMaine Machias
- Experimental approach
- Looked at effects of:
 - Winter kill
 - Tidal height
 - Stocking density
 - Predator exclusion
 - Spatial variation

NORMANDEAU ASSOCIATES INC.
ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS

Experimental Investigation

- Winter Kill - minimal
- Stocking density - not important
- Predator exclusion – losses are high
- “clam losses due to physical scouring of the sediments and predators was relatively high”

NORMANDEAU ASSOCIATES INC.
ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS

